



**MotherToBaby**

Medications & More During Pregnancy & Breastfeeding  
Ask The Experts

**Fact Sheet**

by the **Organization of Teratology Information Specialists (OTIS)**

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## **Promethazine**

In every pregnancy, a woman starts out with a 3-5% chance of having a baby with a birth defect. This is called her background risk. This sheet talks about whether exposure to promethazine may increase the risk for birth defects over that background risk. This information should not take the place of medical care and advice from your healthcare professional.

### ***What is promethazine?***

Promethazine is a medication that is used for the treatment of nausea and vomiting, motion sickness, and allergies. It has also been used for sedation (to help sleep) and for treating vertigo. Promethazine has been sold under brand names such as Phenergan® and Promethegan®.

### ***Can taking promethazine made it harder for me to get pregnant?***

There are no studies looking at whether taking promethazine could make it harder to get pregnant.

### ***I just found out I am pregnant. Should I stop taking promethazine?***

Talk with your healthcare provider before making any changes to your medications. If you are experiencing nausea and vomiting that is affecting your daily life, please contact your healthcare provider. For more information about nausea and vomiting during pregnancy, please see the MotherToBaby fact sheet Nausea and Vomiting in Pregnancy at <https://mothertobaby.org/fact-sheets/nausea-vomiting-pregnancy-nvp/pdf/>.

### ***Can promethazine increase the chance for a miscarriage?***

One small study did not notice an increased chance for miscarriage among women taking promethazine.

### ***Can use of promethazine during pregnancy cause birth defects?***

This would be unlikely. The majority of studies do not suggest that promethazine would increase the chance for birth defects when used during the 1st trimester.

### ***Can use of promethazine cause other pregnancy complications?***

The use of promethazine late in pregnancy might increase the chance of respiratory depression (slow breathing rate) in newborn babies.

### ***Can I breastfeed while using promethazine?***

There is no data on the use of promethazine while breastfeeding. Because promethazine can cause sleepiness in adults, it may do the same for a nursing baby. For this reason it may not be a preferred antihistamine for long-term use during breastfeeding. If you use promethazine routinely while breastfeeding, monitor your baby for sedation and lack of energy and report any of these symptoms to your health care provider. It is possible, but not proven, that promethazine could lower the amount of milk a woman makes. If you are having trouble producing milk, consider meeting with a lactation specialist. Be sure to talk to your healthcare providers about all of your breastfeeding questions.

### ***What if the father of the baby takes promethazine?***

There is no evidence suggesting that a man's promethazine use would cause problems conceiving a baby or problems during pregnancy. In general, exposures that fathers have are unlikely to increase risks to a pregnancy. For more information, please see the MotherToBaby fact sheet Paternal Exposures and Pregnancy at <https://mothertobaby.org/fact-sheets/paternal-exposures-pregnancy/pdf/>.

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